LwWDG

Tilen MAJERLE

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Welcome to the documentation for version .

LwWDG is lightweight watchdog library, primarily targeting operating systems, to watch multiple threads and reset system if one of them fails.

Download library Getting started Open Github Donate

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ONE

FEATURES

- Written in C (C11)
- Easy to use very little platform dependency
- Written for operating systems in mind

TWO

REQUIREMENTS

- C compiler
- Few kB of non-volatile memory

THREE

CONTRIBUTE

Fresh contributions are always welcome. Simple instructions to proceed:

- 1. Fork Github repository
- 2. Respect C style & coding rules used by the library
- 3. Create a pull request to develop branch with new features or bug fixes

Alternatively you may:

- 1. Report a bug
- 2. Ask for a feature request

FOUR

LICENSE

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5.1 Getting started

Getting started may be the most challenging part of every new library. This guide is describing how to start with the library quickly and effectively

5.1.1 Download library

Library is primarily hosted on Github.

You can get it by:

- · Downloading latest release from releases area on Github
- Cloning main branch for latest stable version
- Cloning develop branch for latest development

Download from releases

All releases are available on Github releases area.

Clone from Github

First-time clone

This is used when you do not have yet local copy on your machine.

- Make sure git is installed.
- Open console and navigate to path in the system to clone repository to. Use command cd your_path
- Clone repository with one of available options below
 - Run git clone --recurse-submodules https://github.com/MaJerle/lwwdg command to clone entire repository, including submodules
 - Run git clone --recurse-submodules --branch develop https://github.com/MaJerle/ lwwdg to clone development branch, including submodules
 - Run git clone --recurse-submodules --branch main https://github.com/MaJerle/lwwdg to clone latest stable branch, including submodules
- Navigate to examples directory and run favourite example

Update cloned to latest version

- Open console and navigate to path in the system where your repository is located. Use command cd your_path
- Run git pull origin main command to get latest changes on main branch
- Run git pull origin develop command to get latest changes on develop branch
- Run git submodule update --init --remote to update submodules to latest version

Note: This is preferred option to use when you want to evaluate library and run prepared examples. Repository consists of multiple submodules which can be automatically downloaded when cloning and pulling changes from root repository.

5.1.2 Add library to project

At this point it is assumed that you have successfully download library, either cloned it or from releases page. Next step is to add the library to the project, by means of source files to compiler inputs and header files in search path.

CMake is the main supported build system. Package comes with the CMakeLists.txt and library.cmake files, both located in the lwwdg directory:

- CMakeLists.txt: Is a wrapper and only includes library.cmake file. It is used if target application uses add_subdirectory and then uses target_link_libraries to include the library in the project
- library.cmake: It is a fully configured set of variables. User must use include(path/to/library.cmake) to include the library and must manually add files/includes to the final target

Tip: Open library.cmake file and manually analyze all the possible variables you can set for full functionality.

If you do not use the *CMake*, you can do the following:

- Copy lwwdg folder to your project, it contains library files
- Add lwwdg/src/include folder to *include path* of your toolchain. This is where *C/C++* compiler can find the files during compilation process. Usually using -I flag
- Add source files from lwwdg/src/ folder to toolchain build. These files are built by C/C++ compiler. CMake configuration comes with the library, allows users to include library in the project as **subdirectory** and **library**.
- Copy lwwdg/src/include/lwwdg/lwwdg_opts_template.h to project folder and rename it to lwwdg_opts.h
- · Build the project

5.1.3 Configuration file

Configuration file is used to overwrite default settings defined for the essential use case. Library comes with template config file, which can be modified according to the application needs. and it should be copied (or simply renamed in-place) and named lwwdg_opts.h

Note: Default configuration template file location: lwwdg/src/include/lwwdg/lwwdg_opts_template.h. File must be renamed to lwwdg_opts.h first and then copied to the project directory where compiler include paths have

access to it by using #include "lwwdg_opts.h".

Tip: If you are using *CMake* build system, define the variable LWWDG_OPTS_FILE before adding library's directory to the *CMake* project. Variable must contain the path to the user options file. If not provided and to avoid build error, one will be generated in the build directory.

Configuration options list is available available in the *Configuration* section. If any option is about to be modified, it should be done in configuration file

Listing 1: Template configuration file

```
/**
    * \file
                        lwwdg_opts_template.h
2
                        LwWDG configuration file
      \brief
3
6
    * Copyright (c) 2024 Tilen MAJERLE
    * Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person
    * obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation
    * files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction,
11
    * including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge,
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    * publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software,
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    * and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so,
    * subject to the following conditions:
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    * THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND,
    * EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES
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24
    * WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING
25
    * FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR
26
    * OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.
27
28
    * This file is part of LWWDG - Lightweight watchdog for RTOS in embedded systems.
29
30
    * Author:
                        Tilen MAJERLE <tilen@majerle.eu>
31
    * Version:
                        v1.1.2
32
   #ifndef LWWDG_OPTS_HDR_H
34
   #define LWWDG_OPTS_HDR_H
36
   /* Rename this file to "lwwdg_opts.h" for your application */
37
38
    * Open "include/lwwdg/lwwdg_opt.h" and
40
```

(continues on next page)

```
# copy & replace here settings you want to change values
#/
#endif /* LWWDG_OPTS_HDR_H */
```

Note: If you prefer to avoid using configuration file, application must define a global symbol LWWDG_IGNORE_USER_OPTS, visible across entire application. This can be achieved with -D compiler option.

5.2 User manual

LwWDG library is very simple and easy to use. LwWDG was designed to implement software watchdog functionality, primarily used in the operating systems.

Each task in the system defines its very own Watchdog structure, and is responsible to periodically call reload function, while one of the tasks, (it can be) called master task checks the processing function, and reloads hardware watchdog, if everything is fine.

When one of the software watchdogs isn't reloaded within maximum timeout window, main task is not supposed to reload hardware timer anymore. As a consequence, hardware watchdog will reset the system.

Note: This library is designed for operating system, where operations are splitted in the tasks. To ensure stable operation, each task should have a monitoring system.

Since microcontrollers typical utilize single independent watchdog, such solution must be implemented as a combination of hardware and software components.

5.2.1 Platform migration

Library requires atomicity in the processing function, and a milliseconds time source. These should be implemented as macros in the configuration file. Checkout the configuration window or follow to example mentioned below.

5.2.2 Example

A simple example to illustrate functionality.

Listing 2: WIN32 example code

```
#include "lwwdg/lwwdg.h"
#include "windows.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

HANDLE lwwdg_mutex; /* Mutex to simulate interrupt lock */
static LARGE_INTEGER freq, sys_start_time; /* Milliseconds time variable */

/**
/**
/**
/**
/**
/**
/**
/**
Get current tick in ms from start of program
```

(continues on next page)

```
* \return
                         uint32_t: Tick in ms
11
12
   uint32_t
13
   sys_get_tick(void) {
14
       LONGLONG ret;
15
       LARGE_INTEGER now;
16
       QueryPerformanceFrequency(&freq);
18
       QueryPerformanceCounter(&now);
       ret = now.QuadPart - sys_start_time.QuadPart;
20
       return (uint32_t)((ret * 1000) / freq.QuadPart);
21
   }
22
   /* Task 1 */
24
   static void
   task1(void* arg) {
26
        static lwwdg_wdg_t wdg;
27
        (void) arg;
28
       printf("%8u: Task 1 started...\r\n", (unsigned)sys_get_tick());
30
       lwwdg_add(&wdg, 3000);
31
       lwwdg_set_name(&wdg, "task_1_wdg");
32
       while (1) {
33
            /* Periodic reloads... */
            lwwdg_reload(&wdg);
35
       }
   }
37
   /* Task 1 */
39
   static void
   task2(void* arg) {
41
       static lwwdg_wdg_t wdg;
        (void) arg;
43
       printf("%8u: Task 2 started...\r\n", (unsigned)sys_get_tick());
45
       lwwdg_add(&wdg, 5000);
46
       lwwdg_set_name(&wdg, "task_2_wdg");
47
       while (1) {
48
            /* No reload in this task -> consider it failed to run properly */
49
            Sleep(1000);
50
       }
51
   }
52
54
    * \brief
                         Example main function
55
    */
56
   void
   example_win32(void) {
58
       DWORD id;
60
       QueryPerformanceFrequency(&freq);
61
       QueryPerformanceCounter(&sys_start_time);
62
```

(continues on next page)

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```
63
       /* Create lock for lwwdg */
64
       lwwdg_mutex = CreateMutex(NULL, 0, NULL);
65
       lwwdg_init(); /* Init library */
66
       /* Start other tasks */
68
       CreateThread(0, 0, (LPTHREAD_START_ROUTINE)task1, NULL, 0, &id);
       CreateThread(0, 0, (LPTHREAD_START_ROUTINE)task2, NULL, 0, &id);
70
       /* Main task... */
72
       while (1) {
73
           /* Check if all tasks are OK */
74
           if (lwwdg_process()) {
               printf("%8u: Refreshing hardware watchdog...\r\n", (unsigned)sys_get_tick());
76
               /* TODO: This is where you should reload hardware watchdog */
           } else {
78
               printf("%8u: At least one task is out of window -> HW watchdog should not be_
   →reloaded anymore\r\n",
                       (unsigned)sys_get_tick());
               break:
81
           }
82
           Sleep(500); /* Make some sleep to offload messages in the WIN32 example */
83
84
       printf("List of expired watchdogs\r\n");
       lwwdg_print_expired();
86
       printf("Example completed - a hardware should reset the system now...\r\n");
   }
88
```

A corresponding options file, tested for WIN32.

Listing 3: WIN32 LwWDG options file

```
1 * *
    * \file
                        lwwdg_opts_template.h
2
    * \brief
                        LwWDG configuration file
6
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    * Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person
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    * THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND,
```

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```
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    * OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE
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    * AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT
23
    * HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY,
    * WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING
    * FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR
26
    * OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.
28
    * This file is part of LWWDG - Lightweight watchdog for RTOS in embedded systems.
30
    * Author:
                       Tilen MAJERLE <tilen@majerle.eu>
31
    * Version:
32
   #ifndef LWWDG_HDR_OPTS_H
34
   #define LWWDG_HDR_OPTS_H
36
   #include <stdio.h>
38
   /* Win32 port */
   #include "windows.h"
40
   extern uint32_t sys_get_tick(void); /* Milliseconds tick is available externally */
41
   extern HANDLE lwwdg_mutex; /* Mutex is defined and initialized externally */
42
43
   #define LWWDG_CRITICAL_SECTION_DEFINE /* Nothing to do here... */
44
   #define LWWDG_CRITICAL_SECTION_LOCK()
45
       do {
46
           WaitForSingleObject(lwwdg_mutex, INFINITE);
47
       } while (0)
48
   #define LWWDG_CRITICAL_SECTION_UNLOCK()
                                                ReleaseMutex(lwwdg_mutex)
   #define LWWDG_GET_TIME()
                                                sys_get_tick()
50
   #define LWWDG_CFG_ENABLE_WDG_NAME
52
   #define LWWDG_CFG_WDG_NAME_ERR_DEBUG(_wdg_) printf("Watchdog %s failed to reload in time!
53
   #endif /* LWWDG_HDR_OPTS_H */
```

5.2. User manual

5.3 API reference

List of all the modules:

5.3.1 LwWDG

group LWWDG

Lightweight watchdog for RTOS in embedded systems.

Functions

```
uint8_t lwwdg_init(void)
```

Initialize watchdog module.

Returns

1 on success, 0 otherwise

```
uint8_t lwwdg_add(lwwdg_wdg_t *wdg, uint32_t timeout)
```

Add new watchdog timer instance to internal linked list.

Parameters

- wdg Watchdog handle. Must not be local variable
- timeout Max allowed timeout in milliseconds

Returns

1 on success, 0 otherwise

```
uint8_t lwwdg_remove(lwwdg_wdg_t *wdg)
```

Remove watchdog from the list.

This function is typically used if a task is killed by the scheduler. A user must manually call the function and can later clean wdg memory

Parameters

wdg - Watchdog handle to remove from list

Returns

1 if removed, 0 otherwise

```
uint8_t lwwdg_reload(lwwdg_wdg_t *wdg)
```

Reload thread watchdog.

Note: Reload will not be successful, if there was a timeout before. This will ensure that main thread won't reload hardware watchdog, resulting system to reset

Parameters

wdg - Watchdog handle to reload

Returns

1 on success, 0 otherwise

uint8_t lwwdg_process(void)

Process and check system timers.

Function will check all timers and will return OK, if all timers are within max timeout state

Returns

1 if hardware watchdog can be reset, 0 if at least one timer hasn't been reloaded within maximum timeout

```
void lwwdg_set_name(lwwdg_wdg_t *wdg, const char *name)
```

Set the watchdog name for debug reasons.

Note: Available only when *LWWDG_CFG_ENABLE_WDG_NAME* is enabled

Parameters

- wdg Watchdog instance
- name Pointer to the constant string for the name. String is not copied, rather only pointer
 is set

void lwwdg_print_expired(void)

Print all expired watchdogs.

Note: LWWDG_CFG_ENABLE_WDG_NAME and LWWDG_CFG_WDG_NAME_ERR_DEBUG must be enabled and implemented

struct lwwdg_wdg_t

#include <lwwdg.h> Watchdog structure.

Public Members

```
struct lwwdg_wdg *next
```

Next entry on a list

uint32 t timeout

Timeout in milliseconds

uint32_t last_reload_time

Last reload time in milliseconds

const char *name

Pointer to constant string indicating watchdog name

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5.3.2 Configuration

This is the default configuration of the middleware. When any of the settings shall be modified, it shall be done in dedicated application config lwwdg_opts.h file.

Note: Check *Getting started* to create configuration file.

group LWWDG_OPT

Default configuration setup.

Defines

LWWDG_CFG_ENABLE_WDG_NAME

Enables or disables field in wdg structure to contain watchdog name.

This can be useful for debugging purposes

LWWDG_CFG_WDG_NAME_ERR_DEBUG(_wdg_name_)

Macro called if LWWDG_CFG_ENABLE_WDG_NAME is enabled and if watchdog error occurs.

It can be overwritten by the application to print watchdog name.

Parameters

• wdg_name – [in] Watchdog name as defined by lwwdg_set_name function

LWWDG_GET_TIME()

Get system time in milliseconds.

It is required to keep reload time

LWWDG_CRITICAL_SECTION_DEFINE

Define the critical section.

Used at the beinning of the function, to define potential local variable to keep status of critical section (if already locked)

Note: Default implementation is for *Cortex-M*

LWWDG_CRITICAL_SECTION_LOCK()

Lock the critical section.

Critical section should prevent other tasks or interrupt, to access to the same core.

Easiest is to simply disable the interrupt, since task is normally pretty quick.

Note: Default implementation is for *Cortex-M*

LWWDG_CRITICAL_SECTION_UNLOCK()

Unlock the critical section.

Note: Default implementation is for *Cortex-M*

5.4 Changelog

```
# Changelog
## v1.1.2
- Fix race condition in `lwwdg_process` function
## v1.1.1
- Fix wrong time check
## v1.1.0
- Print error message only on one trial
- Add print option to list all expired watchdogs
## v1.0.0
- Added option to remove wdg from the list
- Added option to set watchdog name and print its name on error
## v0.0.1
- First version
*****
```

5.5 Authors

List of authors and contributors to the library

```
Tilen Majerle <tilen.majerle@gmail.com>
Tilen Majerle <tilen@majerle.eu>
```

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